



## *Water Everywhere*

- 1 How many different chapters are there?
- 2 Can you find the Mediterranean Sea on the map on pages 8–9?
- 3 Create a list of all the oceans and seas on the map on pages 8–9 in alphabetical order.
- 4 Add captions and labels to the diagram on page 11 to explain what is being shown.
- 5 What does the fact box on page 13 tell you about dams?
- 6 What are the three different forms of water called?
- 7 Use the glossary to explain what a ‘reservoir’ is; then use the index to find out what page to go to in order to find out more.

## **Answers**

1 11

2 Answers will vary, but example responses are as follows:  
yes, no.

3 Arabian Sea, Arctic Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Bering Sea,  
Caribbean Sea, Indian Ocean, Mediterranean Sea, Pacific Ocean,  
Southern Ocean, Tasman Sea

4 Warmed water droplets rise; water droplets form clouds; wind  
blows the clouds; water cools and falls as rain.

5 Dams are built across rivers to form reservoirs.

6 solid, liquid, gas

7 A reservoir is a body of water that is being stored; page 13.